## Preface Preface

In order to protect your life from disasters, first and foremost it is important to "protect yourself" and be prepared on a regular basis for various situations.

The content of this hazard map consists of disaster preparation information that comes in handy at times of disaster, such as how to be prepared for disasters (floods, landslides, high waters, tsunamis, earthquakes), how to respond to them, etc., along with the hazard maps that summarizes hazardous places at times of various disasters.

To be prepared of such cases of emergency, keep it at a place where you spot on a regular basis. Areas of estimated inundation and landslides are still being investigated to add or revise locations. Make sure to check the latest information by making use of the Internet, etc.

# Daily Preparations (

#### What to be prepared for evacuation at times of disaster

You'll never know when the disaster takes place. It is important to be prepared on a regular basis.

We tend to be optimistic on danger, thinking, "This won't be a big deal," even if it is approaching right in front of us.

Therefore, we are not prepared for disasters on a regular basis and when we face one, it is pretty likely that we cannot do anything and let ourselves fall victim to it.

"1) Check if your home (where you are) is a hazardous place", "2) Think about evacuation", "3) Check on the information to determine when and where to evacuate", and "4) Prepare for things you need to evacuate with" -Working on these four on a regular basis will lead to appropriate actions at times of disaster. Make sure to work on them on a regular basis!

(Info on the City website Home > Disaster Preparation Information > Be Prepared for Disasters page as well.)

### ◆ 1) Check if your home (where you are) is a hazardous place ◆

Those who are at hazardous places need to evacuate. For those who are at safe places, it is the safest to stay where you are.

Check with this hazard map what kind of hazards there are in your area.

### 2) Think about evacuation

#### Evacuation does not only refer to going to evacuation centers.

For example, if the inundation of the place is about 50cm high, just going up to the second floor of your house will be an evacuation enough.

Sometimes that is safer than going out of your way to evacuate to the evacuation center.

Take into consideration the situation of your home and your health condition and think to yourself and with your family in advance as to how to evacuate.



It is important to be prepared for disasters on

If you are elderly and/or

difficulties in evacuating

by yourself, consult with

Community

Coexistence

**Promotional** 

Division (phone

082-420-0932).

Be careful

here!

disabled and have

the City Office's

a regular basis!



1. Those whose home is not located in a hazardous area on the hazard map

Move to a safe place within your home (e.g., the upper floor such as 2nd floor, a room further from the mountain side, etc.)

2. Those whose home is located in a hazardous area on the hazard map

Move to an evacuation center opened by the city.

#### 3) Check on the information to determine when and where to evacuate

The city makes announcements on evacuation information to help determine on evacuation.

Evacuation information announcements vary from alert levels 3 to 5. The larger the number is, the more hazardous the situation is.

Evacuation information announcements are made at an early stage by comprehensively judging from various pieces of information such as weather information.

Please make sure to check the announcement on evacuation centers opened by the city, which will be announced along with other pieces of evacuation information.

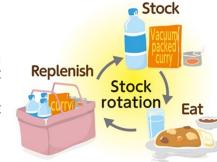
#### The 5 alert levels

Alert level		Situation	What should residents do	Information to urge action	Weather information	cf. (Until 2020)
Aigh	5	Disaster occurred or impending		Heavy rain emergency warning	Disaster occurrence aler (Issued upon acknowledgment of a disaster)	
Hazard	✓ Make sure to evacuate before alert level 4!					
ard level	4	High risk of disaster	All should evacuate from hazardous places	Evacuation (Note)	Landslide alert information	Evacuation instruction (Urgent) Evacuation recommendation
el Low	3	Risk of disaster	The elderly/disabled should evacuate from hazardous places *2	Evacuation for the elderly/disabled	Heavy rain warning Flood warning	Evacuation Preparation/Start of Evacuation for the Elderly

1 Alert level 5 is not always announced as the municipal authority cannot always securely capture the situation of the disaster \*2 Alert level 3 is the timing where non-elderly/disabld people make voluntary evacuation upon necessity when they cease their regular activities or feel (Note) Starting 2021, evacuation recommendations will be announced to coincide with the current evacuation recommendation

#### 4) Prepare for things you need to evacuate with

When a major-scale disaster occurs, logistics may stop due to the damages on the roads and railroads and may produce supply shortage. Have at least 3 days (preferrably 1 week) worth of food and daily necessities in stock. Always simulate that lifelines such as electricity, gas, and water may stop at times of major-scale disaster, and have stockpiles such as the following:



(Antiseptic, vulnerary, gauze, bandage, band-aid)

☐ Household medicine ☐ Cotton wool pad

#### Examples of stockpiles/emergency essentials

#### drinking water/daily life water

☐ 3 days worth of drinking water in stock

Preparation for blackout

Clothes/Sanitary goods

☐ Wet wipes ☐ Antiseptic wipes

☐ Women's sanitary products ℳM

☐ Paper diapers ☐ Portable toilet

☐ Dental care goods ☐ Garbage bags

- (1 person x 3 liters x 3 days) ☐ Daily life water
- ☐ Water bottle

☐ Extra batteries

☐ Flashlights (big/small)

☐ Clothes ☐ Towels

☐ Cotton work gloves

☐ Toilet paper

☐ Tissue paper ☐ Masks

### Groceries etc.

- ☐ 3 days worth of groceries in stock ☐ Vacuum-packed foods ☐ Cans ☐
- ☐ Snack ☐ Paper cups
- ☐ Plastic wraps ☐ Disposable tableware 🗼
- ☐ Chopsticks ☐ Can-opening knife ☐ Baby formula

## Information

### ☐ Mobile phone/recharge

☐ Sleeping bag ☐ Candles

☐ Pens/pencils/marker

☐ Packing Tape

☐ Portable radio ☐ Mobile battery

Others



### Fuel stockpile

Drugs/medicines

☐ Scissors ☐ Tweezers

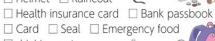
☐ Disposable body warmer

☐ First-aid kit

☐ Thermometer

- ☐ Gas cartridge tabletop stove ☐ Gas cartridge
- ☐ Solid fuel





☐ drinking water ☐ Stockpiled necessities





When you evacuate to an evacuation center, prioritize safety but bring your own food, blanket etc., if possible. Although the city does have them in stock, they may fall short as the refuge life gets longer. To be rest assured, keep the preservative food and water for the entire family in an emergency essential bag and have them easy to take out with you in case of emergency.

☐ Newspaper ☐ Rope ☐ Whistle